

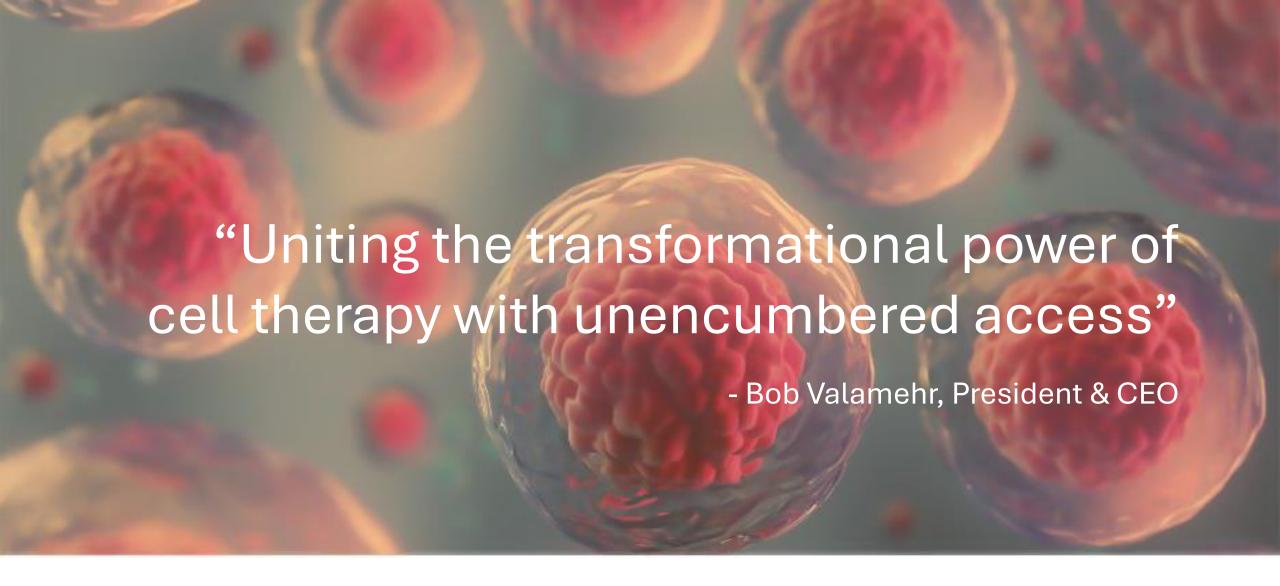
Corporate Presentation

July 2025



Forward-Looking Statements

This presentation contains "forward-looking statements" within the meaning of the Private Securities Litigation Reform Act of 1995, including statements regarding the safety and therapeutic potential of the Company's product candidates, the advancement of and plans and timelines related to the Company's ongoing and planned clinical studies and the clinical investigation of its product candidates, the timing for the Company's receipt and announcement of data from its clinical trials and preclinical studies, the Company's clinical development and regulatory strategy, and the Company's expectations regarding progress and timelines, and potential payments under its collaboration, and the objectives, plans and goals of its collaboration with Ono Pharmaceutical, Ltd. These and any other forward-looking statements in this presentation are based on management's current expectations of future events and are subject to a number of risks and uncertainties that could cause actual results to differ materially and adversely from those set forth in or implied by such forward- looking statements. These risks and uncertainties include, but are not limited to, the risk that results observed in studies of its product candidates, including interim results and results from earlier studies, may not be predictive of final results or results observed in ongoing or future studies involving these product candidates, the risk of a delay in the initiation of, or in the enrollment or evaluation of subjects in, any clinical studies, and the risk that the Company may cease or delay manufacture, or preclinical or clinical development, of any of its product candidates for a variety of reasons (including regulatory requirements, difficulties in manufacturing or supplying the Company's product candidates, prioritization of other of its product candidates for advancement, and any adverse events or other negative results that may be observed during preclinical or clinical development). These statements are also subject to other risks and uncertainties as further detailed in the Company's most recently filed periodic report, and subsequent periodic reports filed by the Company, under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended, any of which could cause actual results to differ materially from those contained in or implied by the forward-looking statements in this presentation. The Company is providing the information in this presentation as of the date hereof and does not undertake any obligation to update any forward-looking statements contained in this presentation unless required by applicablelaw.



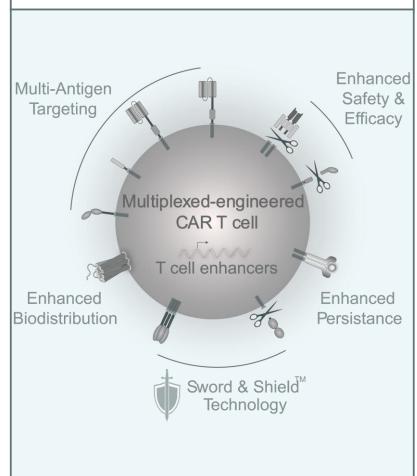


Resetting the Paradigm - Not just the Patient



Pioneering the development of true off-the-shelf cell therapies - available on demand - anywhere

Unique Living Drug with Broad Disease Targeting



Renewable Manufacturing Process Delivering On-Demand Cell Therapies



Single-Step Multiplex Gene Engineering: integrates multiple mechanisms of action



Scalable Manufacturing: high-yield, cost-efficient from a defined MCB



Uniform Product Profiles: consistent identity, purity and potency

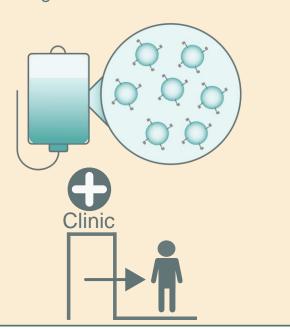


Off-the-Shelf CAR T cells: Cryopreserved inventory for on-demand use and broad patient reach

Novel Therapy Paradigm

To enable:

- ✓ Manufactured prior to patient need
- ✓ Stored for on-demand delivery
- ✓ Outpatient treatment
- √ No conditioning chemotherapy
- ✓ Redosing as needed



A Renewable Manufacturing Process



Uniquely delivers cell therapies on-demand to patients in need

Autologous CAR T Cell



- Profound efficacy in difficult-totreat diseases
- Impaired starting material
- Random, variable, per-patient
 T-cell engineering
- Complex logistics
- Single dose paradigm
- Heterogeneous drug product
- Extended hospitalization
- Prohibitively Expensive (\$\$\$\$)

Allogeneic CAR T Cell



- Potential for profound efficacy in difficult-to-treat diseases
- Healthy starting material
- Random, variable, per-batch
 T-cell engineering
- Complex logistics
- Multiple dose paradigm
- Heterogeneous drug product
- Extended hospitalization
- Expensive (\$\$\$)

Off-the-Shelf CAR T Cell

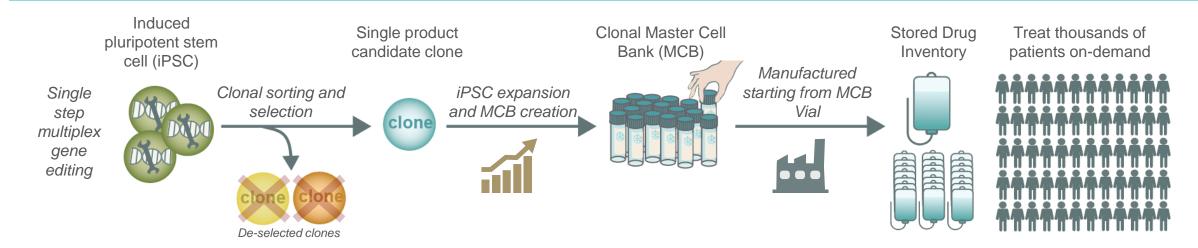


- Potential for profound efficacy in difficult-to-treat diseases
- Healthy starting material
- One-time uniform iPSC precision engineering event
- Streamlined logistics
- Multiple dose paradigm
- Homogenous drug product
- Reduced hospitalization
- Cost-Effective (\$)

Unique Platform for Delivery of Off-the-Shelf Cellular Therapies



Mass produced, multiplexed-engineered cell products for on-demand patient treatment



Platform Advantages

- ✓ **Defined Clonal MCB**: Single-cell derived, genetically uniform, selected for potency and genomic integrity.
- Engineered MCB Starting Material: One-time edit, highly scalable, donor-independent, and enables consistent high-quality products.
- ✓ Modular Innovation: Accelerates development through efficient, multiplexed engineering.

iPSC-derived Cell Therapy Products

- ✓ **Reliable, Scalable Drug Product**: Consistent, well-characterized, >5-year shelf stability; ~50,000-dose GMP-scale capacity at current site.
- ✓ Cost-Effective & Consistent: Low COGs (~\$3,000/dose), inventory-based economics, and no donor variability.
- ✓ Patient-Centered Therapy: Off-the-shelf, antibody-like treatment with repeat dosing, low toxicity, and outpatient-friendly administration.

Mass Production of Cell Therapy Drug Products



Advanced manufacturing capabilities to provide clinical and early commercial supply

State of the Art GMP facility (San Diego, CA, USA)

- 40,000+ ft² Fate cGMP manufacturing facility co-located with corporate headquarters
- End-to-end capabilities and controls
 - Licensed by the State of California, Department of Health Services, Food and Drug Branch
 - Commissioned and qualified with first drug product manufacturing runs completed
 - On-site integration with quality, assay development, and process development
- Supports US and international clinical development as well as initial commercial launch



Addressing Diseases with Significant Unmet Clinical Need



Reaching patients in their communities with an off-the-shelf treatment without lympho-conditioning chemotherapy

Autoimmune Disease

Oncology

Systemic Lupus Erythematosus (SLE) Systemic Sclerosis (SSc) Antineutrophilic cytoplasmic antibody associated vasculitis (AAV)

Idiopathic Inflammatory Myositis (IIM)

HER2+ EGFR+

Pan-Solid Tumors

Inflammatory disease with risk to multiple organs and systems

Characterized by fibrosis and vascular damage impacting various organs Inflammation & necrosis of blood vessels leading to endothelial & organ damage

Group of disorders that cause chronic inflammation progressive and muscle weakness

Efficacy for many patients is limited by multiple tumor resistance mechanisms

~1.3M

Prevalence

US & EU Patients

~2M

Annual mortality

USD ~\$105B

Market Size (2024)

USD ~\$230B

^{1.} Izmirly et al. Arthritis Reum 2021

^{2.} Smoyer-Tomic et al. BMC Musc Dissorders 2012 4. Khoo et al. N

^{3.} Bergamasco et al. Epi of Systemic Sclerosis 2019

^{4.} Khoo et al. Nature 2023. Rare Disease Advisor, Nat'l Scleroderma Foundation

^{5.} SEER. Dvba 2021

First-in-Class Product Pipeline



Multiplexed-engineered, iPSC-derived product candidates

Program	CAR/Antigen Target	Indication	Research	Preclinical	Phase 1 (NCT#)	Partner
Autoimmunity						
FT819 (RMAT)	CD19	Systemic Lupus Erythematosus (SLE)		FT819-102		
		Systemic Sclerosis (SSc)		FT819-102	NCT06308978	CIRM CALIFORNIA INSTITUTE FOR REGENERATIVE MEDICINE
		ANCA associated Vasculitis (AAV)		FT819-102	Enrolling	
		Idiopathic Inflammatory Myopathies (IIM)		FT819-102		
FT839 (NxG)	CD19/CD38/CD20	Pan-Indication w/o LCC				
FT522	CD19	Pan-Indication w/o LCC		FT522-102		
Oncology						
FT825	HER2/EGFR	Solid Tumor (s)		FT825-101	NCT05950334 Enrolling	000
Undisclosed	Undisclosed	Solid Tumor (s)				ONO PHARMACEUTICAL CO.,LT
FT836 (NxG)	MICA/B/EGFR/HER2	Pan-Indication (Solid Tumor) w/o LCC				CIRM CALIFORNIA INSTITUTE FOR REGENERATIVE MEDICINE
FT839 (NxG)	CD19/CD38/BCMA/GPRC5D	Pan-Indication (Heme Tumor) w/o LCC				
FT522	CD19	r/r B Cell Lymphoma w/o LCC		FT522-101	NCT05950334	
3444T 504 B	Medicine Advanced Therany (RMAT) received in S		T Cell	NK Cell		

RMAT: FDA Regenerative Medicine Advanced Therapy (RMAT) received in SLE

LCC: Lympho-conditioning chemotherapy NxG=Next-generation CAR T cell product

US rights to all products





Systemic Lupus Erythematosus (SLE): A Disease of Significant Unmet Need



Chronic disease burden, multi-organ involvement and increased morbidity & mortality

High disease burden, disability & organ damage

- Typical patient is a women of childbearing age presenting with fatigue, joint pain, rash and systemic inflammation affecting kidneys, CNS, lungs or heart
 - 40-60% patients exhibit moderate to severe multi-organ functional impairment¹
 - Chronic fatigue, cognitive dysfunction & photosensitivity significantly limit quality of life
 - Renal involvement (lupus nephritis) occurs in ~40% of cases
 - High risk of end stage renal disease (ESRD)²
- Mortality risk is 3 x higher than the general population due to cumulative organ damage, infection and treatment complications³
- Approximately 20% of patients experience irreversible organ damage with in 5 years despite current therapy treatment⁴
- Only three FDA approved therapies, with limited therapeutic benefit

Lupus takes a deep toll

The burden of lupus on daily life can be devastating.



76%

of lupus patients say fatigue caused by lupus has forced them to cut back on social activities



65%

of people with lupus say chronic pain is the most difficult part of having lupus



89%

of people with lupus say they can no longer work full-time due to lupus complications

Source: LUPUS Foundation of America 2025

^{1.} Petri et al., Lupus. 2012; 21(5): 499-503.

^{2.} Almaani et al., Nat Rev Nephrol. 2017;13(3):170-183.

^{3.} Yurkovich et al., Arthritis Care Res (Hoboken). 2014;66(4):608-616.

^{4.} Bruce IN. Lupus. 2005;14(1):5-10

FT819: Off-the-Shelf anti-CD19 CAR T-Cell Product Candidate



Safe and effective targeting of CD19+ B cells with broad patient accessibility

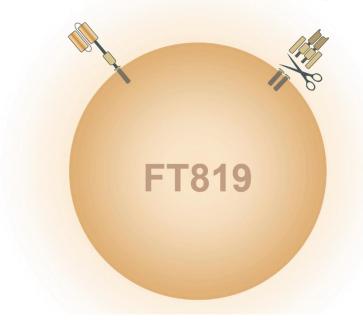
True Off-the-Shelf CAR T-Cell Drug Product

CAR19

TCR null

State-of-the-art CAR motif and expression control

Complete TCR knock-out to prevent GvHD in allogeneic settings

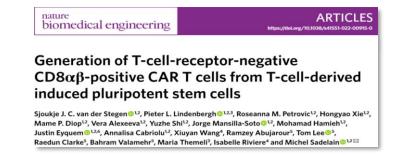


CD19 CAR T-cell designed to eliminate pathological autoreactive B-cells with balanced efficacy and safety to establish immune reset and clinical remission

Derived from a defined clonal MCB incorporating unique functional elements to balance safety and efficacy:

- 1XX CAR19: Novel CAR with CD28 costimulatory and modified CD3z signaling domains for optimal safety and activity
- TRAC-targeted CAR: CAR inserted in the T-cell receptor alpha constant (TRAC) locus to reproduce endogenous TCR expression for regulated and optimal function
- TCR Null: Complete bi-allelic disruption of TRAC ablates TCR expression and eliminates the possibility of GvHD
- On-Demand Delivery: Routinely manufactured at large scale from an engineered MCB that uniquely ensures a uniform, off-the-shelf drug product for broad patient access

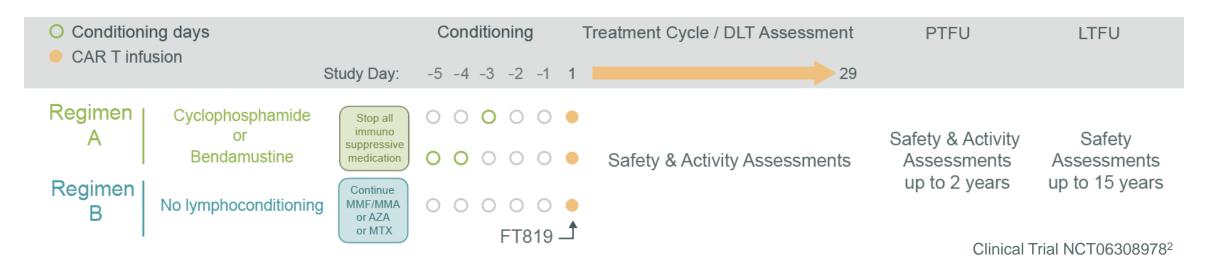




FT819-102: Phase 1 Study of FT819 in B-cell Mediated Autoimmune Diseases¹



Uniquely administered with fludarabine-free conditioning or maintenance therapy in the absence of chemotherapy conditioning



Highly-Differentiated Therapeutic Approach

Available on-demand with:

- No patient apheresis
- Less-intensive or no conditioning chemotherapy regimens
 - No discontinuation of maintenance therapy (Regimen B)
- Shortened hospitalization requirement (3 days)
- Ability to redose in inadequate response or relapse
- Autoimmune diseases in the protocol include: Systemic lupus erythematosus (SLE), ANCA-associated vasculitis (AAV), Idiopathic inflammatory myopathy (IIM), Systemic sclerosis (SSc)

2. https://clinicaltrials.gov/study/NCT06308978 (ClinicalTrials.gov)

^{1.} V. Sandhu, et al. Annals of the Rheumatic Diseases, Volume 84, Supplement 1, 2025, Pages 29-30

FT819-102: Phase 1 Study of FT819 in B-cell Mediated Autoimmune Diseases¹



SLE patient disease characteristics

Patient Characteristics							
		Regimen B					
Patient #	A1-DL1	A2-DL1	A3-DL1	A1-DL2	B1-DL1		
Age, Gender	28 F	22 F	29 F	28 F	23 F		
BILAG domain for inclusion	Renal	Renal	Renal	MSK, Mucocutaneous	Cardiorespiratory		
Disease Duration	~11 years	~4 years	~24 years	~9 years	~5 years		
Baseline SLEDAI-2K	20	20	14	18	8		
Concomitant SLE Therapies	GC, HCQ	HCQ	GC, HCQ	HCQ	GC, HCQ, MMF		
Prior Therapies *B-cell targeted therapy bolded	7 AZA, BEL , GC, HCQ, MMF, RTX , TAC	8 ANI, BEL , CY, GC, HCQ, MMF, MTX, RTX	8 AZA, BEL , CY, GC, HCQ, MMF, MTX, RTX	6 ANI, BEL , CY, HCQ, GC, MTX	5 CY, GC, HCQ, MMF, RTX		
Conditioning	Bendamustine	CY	CY	CY	None		

ANI = anifrolumab; AZA = azathioprine; BEL = belimumab; CY = cyclophosphamide; GC = glucocorticoids; HCQ = hydroxychloroquine; MMF = mycophenolate mofetil; MSK = musculoskeletal; MTX = methotrexate; RTX = rituximab; TAC = tacrolimus

FT819-102: Phase 1 Study of FT819 in B-cell Mediated Autoimmune Diseases¹



Preliminary clinical safety data

No high-grade CRS, No ICANS, and No DLTs observed

Safety data in line with FT819-101 in B cell lymphoma (NCT04629729)

Selected Adverse Events, Highest Grade Reported								
	Regimen A				Regimen B			
Patient (conditioning)	A1-DL1 (Benda)	A2-DL1 (Cy)	A3-DL1 (Cy)	A1-DL2 (Cy)	B1-DL1 (none)			
Cytokine Release Syndrome	-	-	-	Grade 2	-			
ICANS	-	-	-	-	-			
Graft vs. Host Disease	-	-	-	-	-			
Grade ≥ 3 infection	-	-	-	UTI (Grade 3)	Influenza (Grade 3)			

Data cut off 15th May 2025

Regimen A = Conditioning prior to treatment with either bendamustine (Benda) or cyclophosphamide (Cy); Regimen B = no conditioning chemotherapy.

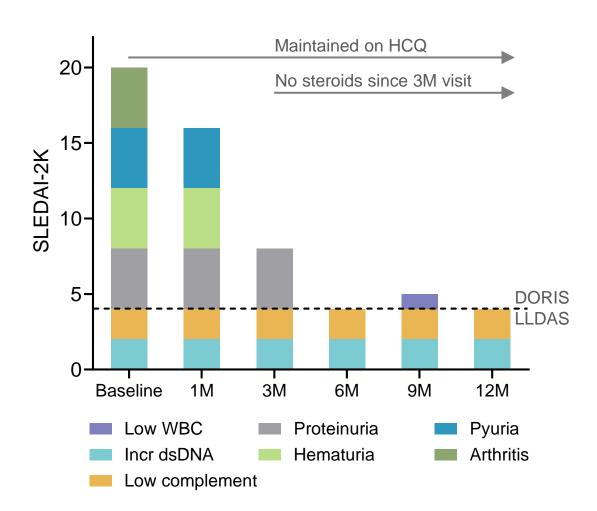
DL = Dose level; DL1 = 360M cells; DL2 = 900M cells. Adverse events graded per CTCAEv5.

FT819-102 Activity in SLE: DORIS Remission > 1 Year Indicates Durable Response

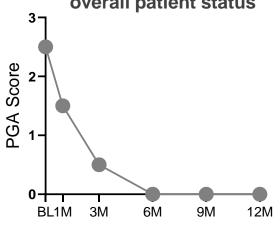


Patient 1 SLE case (A1-DL1)

Remission in SLE without use of steroids

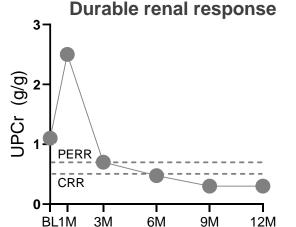


Sustained improvement in overall patient status



✓ No leukapheresis

- Fludarabine-free lympho-conditioning
- On-demand CAR T-cell delivery
- ✓ No DLT, CRS, GvHD or ICANS
- ✓ Reduced hospitalization (3 days)



CRR: Complete Renal Response

DORIS: Definition Of Remission In SLE

HCQ: Hydroxychloroquine

LLDAS: Low Lupus Disease Activity State

SLEDAI: SLE Disease Activity Index **PERR**: Primary Efficacy Renal Response

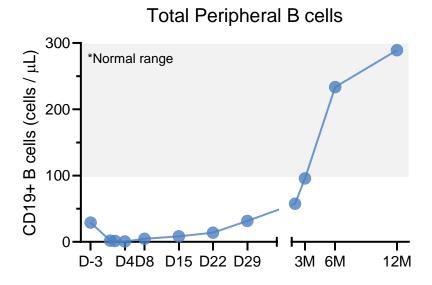
PGA: Physician Global Assessment

FT819-102 Durability of Remission is Supported by B-cell Immunological Reset



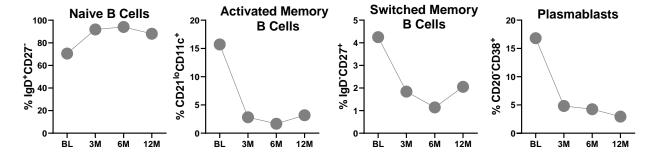
Patient 1 SLE case (A1-DL1)

Effective B cell depletion & repopulation to normal levels*

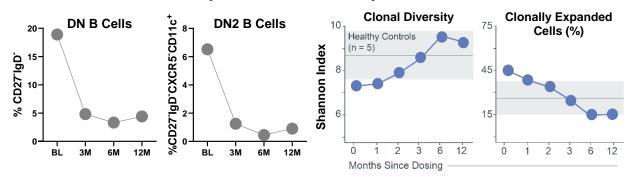


- √ No leukapheresis
- ✓ Fludarabine-free lympho-conditioning
- ✓ On-demand CAR T-cell delivery
- ✓ No DLT, CRS, GvHD or ICANS
- √ Reduced hospitalization (3 days)

Reconstituting B cells are predominantly naïve, minimal switched memory, and low plasmablasts indicative of immune reset



Persistent DN pathogenic subset clone depletion and diversification of the B cell repertoire observed post-FT819 treatment

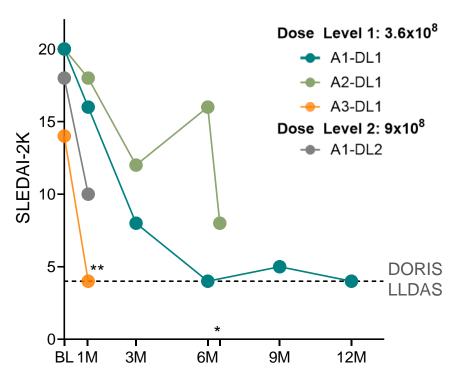


FT819-102 Collective Reduction in Disease with Fludarabine-Free Conditioning



Patients 1 - 4 in Regimen A (Cyclophosphamide or Bendamustine monotherapy lympho-conditioning)

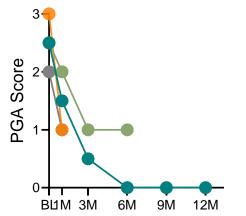
Improved disease activity across all patients evaluated up to data cut off (n4)



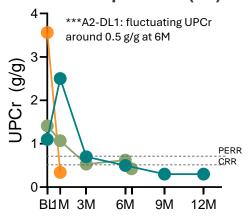
*A2-DL1: fluctuating UPCr around 0.5 g/g at 6M

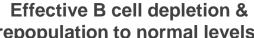
**A3-DL1: Patient discontinued due to noncompliance after 1M visit

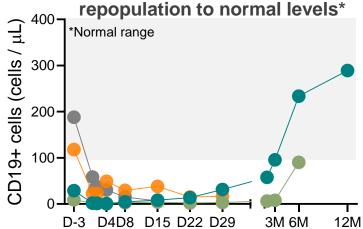
Persistent improvement in overall patient status (n4)



Renal responses achieved in all LN patients (n3)





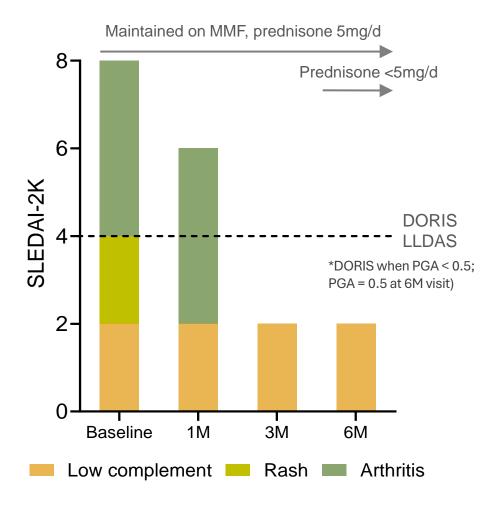


FT819-102: Remission in SLE Achieved Without Lympho-Conditioning

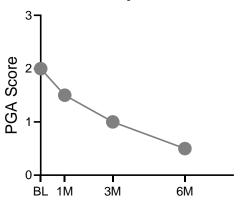


First patient (B1-DL1) in Regimen B (FT819 as add-on to maintenance therapy)

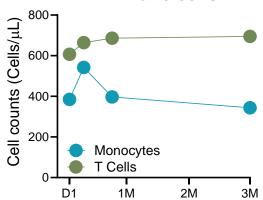
Remission in SLE without lympho-conditioning



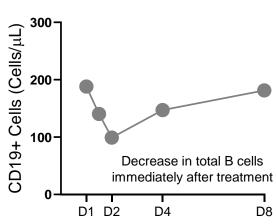
Persistent improvement in overall patient status



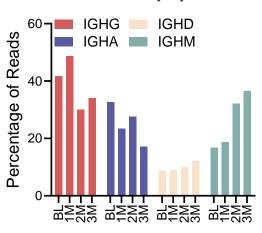
Preservation of baseline immune cells



Initial B cell reduction resolves within one week



B cell remodeling favors naïve, non-switched populations





FT819-102 Summary and Next Steps

- FT819 provides a true off-the-shelf CAR T cell therapeutic option that overcomes many of the challenges seen in autologous and allogenic cellular therapies
- Preliminary clinical data suggests FT819 can support durable clinical activity with less intensive conditioning or in combination with maintenance therapy without conditioning
- Complemented by the initial clinical trial in lymphoma (> 50 patients), FT819 exhibits a differentiated safety profile with no reported ICANS, GvHD or CRS > Grade 2
- Trial open to treat ANCA vasculitis, Myositis (DM/PM/IMNM), SLE, and Systemic Sclerosis aged 12-70 years; treatment option includes redosing after relapse or inadequate response
- Current data generated from 2 clinical sites (University of Nebraska and University of Minnesota)
 - > 8-10 sites projected to be active by summer 2025, in addition to ongoing efforts to expand to multiple outside of US sites in 2025
- Upcoming regulatory discussions
 - > RMAT designation granted with goal to have pivotal trial design reviewed with the FDA by YE2025
 - Removal of hospitalization requirement

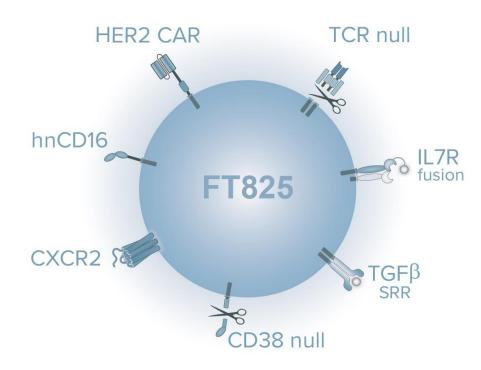




Seven-Point Edited HER2-Directed CAR T-Cell Therapy Designed for Enhanced Solid Tumor Efficacy



FT825/ONO-8250: Off-the-shelf anti-HER2 CAR T-cell product candidate



HER2-targeted CAR T-cell designed to overcome tumor heterogeneity, improve cell trafficking, and resist tumor microenvironment mediated immune suppression

Overcoming the Challenges in Solid Tumors

- TCR Null: Complete bi-allelic disruption of TRAC ablates TCR expression and eliminates the possibility of GvHD
- Novel HER2-Directed CAR: Potent and preferential targeting of tumor cells expressing HER2 with H₂CasMab-2 CAR expression and optimized for enhanced activity
- hnCD16: Enables ADCC in combination with therapeutic monoclonal antibodies to complement CAR to overcome tumor heterogeneity through multi-antigen targeting
- TGFβ-SRR: Resistance to TGFβ-mediated suppression commonly found in TME of solid tumors
- CXCR2: Enhancement of migration into solid tumors
- IL7RF: Enhances CAR iT_persistence and self-renewal
- CD38 KO: Potential to enhance metabolic cell fitness.



Cell Stem Cell

Preferential tumor targeting of HER2 by iPSCderived CART cells engineered to overcome multiple barriers to solid tumor efficacy

Article

^{1.} Hosking MP et al. Cell Stem Cell. 2025 May 30:S1934-5909(25)00187-0.

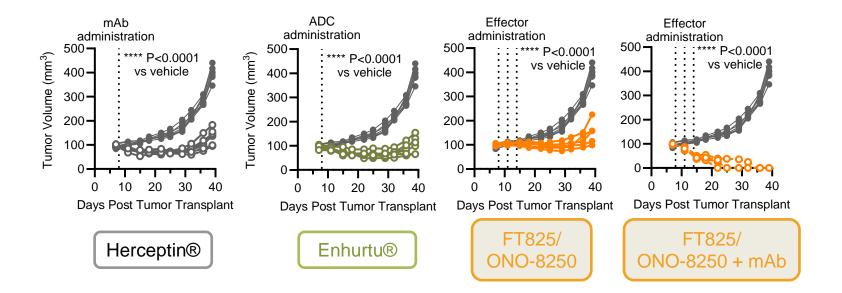
^{2.} https://ir.fatetherapeutics.com/news-releases/news-release-details/fate-therapeutics-highlights-cancer-selective-her2-targeting

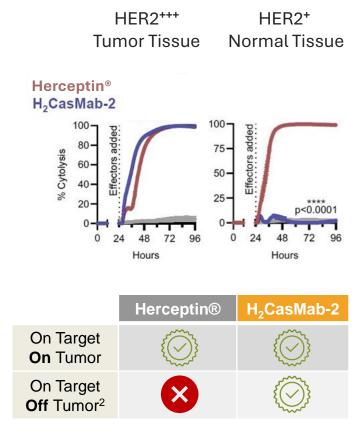
Novel Cancer-Specific CAR Binder Limits Off Tumor Toxicity



FT825/ONO-8250 designed for preferential and multi-antigen targeting

- Novel binder (H₂CasMab-2) preferentially targets HER2 expressed on tumor cells with limited on-target off-tumor toxicity
- FT825/ONO-8250 shows flexible multi-antigen targeting via enhanced antibody-directed cellular cytotoxicity (ADCC)





In contrast to Herceptin® H₂CasMab-2 shows limited On Target-Off Tumor toxicity

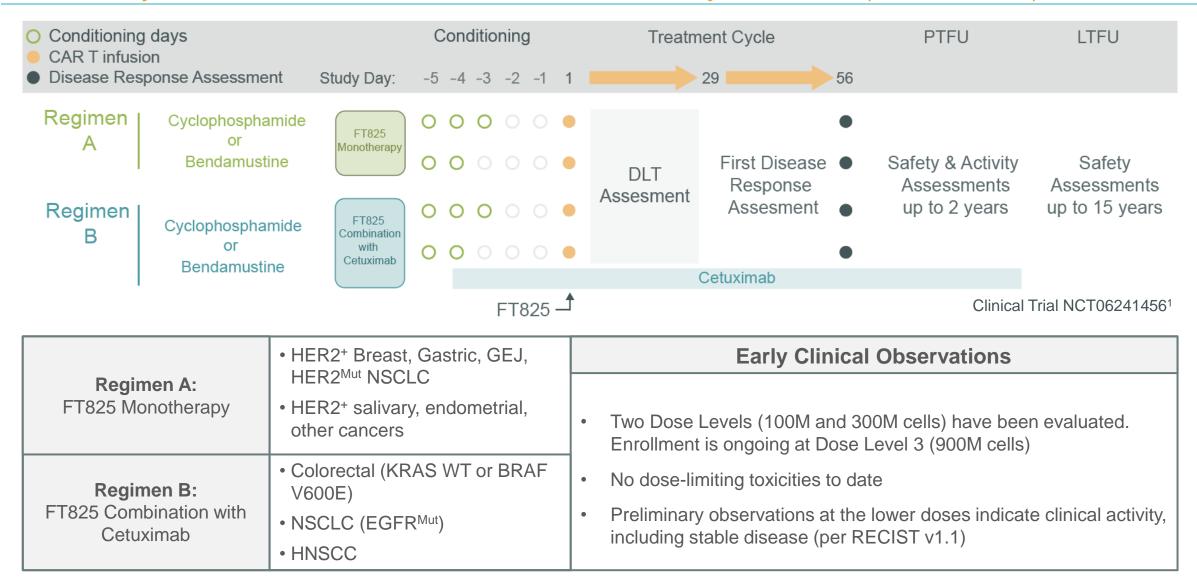
^{1.} Hosking MP et al. Cell Stem Cell. 2025 May 30:S1934-5909(25)00187-0.

^{2.} Moja Let al. Cochrane Database Syst Rev. 2012 Apr 18;2012(4)

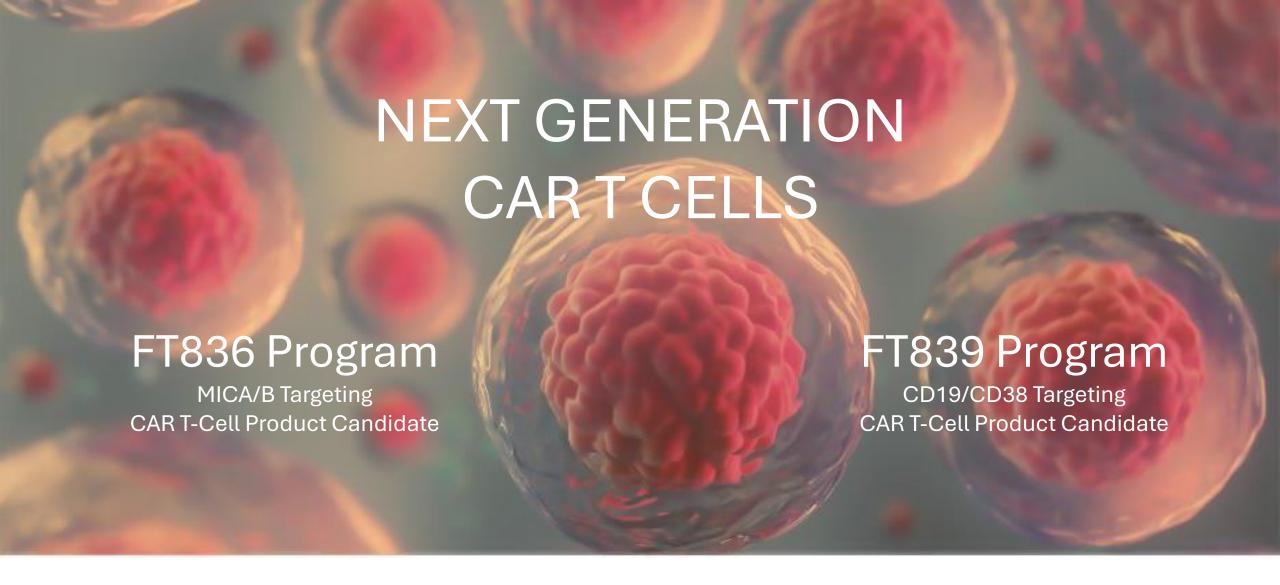
FT825/ONO-8250-101: A Phase 1 Study of FT825 in Advanced Solid Tumor



Phase 1 Study: FT825/Ono0825 with/without monoclonal antibody combination (NCT06241456)



https://clinicaltrials.gov/study/NCT06241456 (ClinicalTrials.gov).





Engineering a Portfolio of Attributes to Unlock Multi-Disease Therapy Potential



Integrating modular attribute cell systems to operate & synergize with the patients' immune system

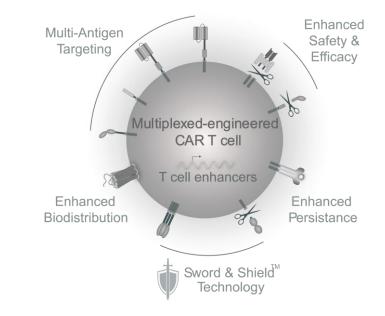
Overcoming Multiple Tumor Challenges Across Diverse Tumors Indications

Problem Statement

- Most tumors lack distinct lineage markers, making it difficult to distinguish tumor from healthy tissue.
- Single mechanism therapies often drive immune escape, enabling resistant/refractory tumor variants.
- > Tumor microenvironments suppress immune function and impede cell access, creating zones of immune exclusion.

Proposed Solution(s)

- ✓ Target disease or altered self markers to enable cell specific killing across diverse tumor types/pathological settings.
- ✓ Deploy multiplex targeting to apply simultaneous immune pressure via distinct mechanisms of action.
- Navigate immune suppressive niches and convert inhibitory cues into immune activating signals.



Broad Elimination of Pathological Immune Cell Subsets & Compartments

Problem Statement

- Autoimmune, hematological malignancies & inflammatory diseases arise from dysregulated T, B and myeloid cell function across secondary and tertiary immune sites.
- Current therapies offer broad immune suppression or narrowly target specific cells, frequently falling short of effective immune control.

Proposed Solution(s)

- Multiplex targeting of lineage and/or activation markers enables selective elimination of pathogenic cells whilst minimizing broad immune suppression and its associated risks.
- Deploy multiplex targeting to apply simultaneous immune pressure via distinct mechanisms of action.
- Navigate immune suppressive niches and convert inhibitory cues into immune activating signals.

Engineered Attribute System(s):

- ✓ Single and/or multi-CAR systems targeting MICA/B, B7-H3 & others
- ✓ <u>High affinity non cleavable CD16 (hnCD16)</u>
- ✓ TGFβ signal redirect receptor (TGFβ SRR)
- √ Synthetic CXCR2 & endogenous trafficking receptors
- ✓ Allo-Defense Receptor (ADR) & CD58 KO Synapse Engineering
- ✓ T Cell Enhancers



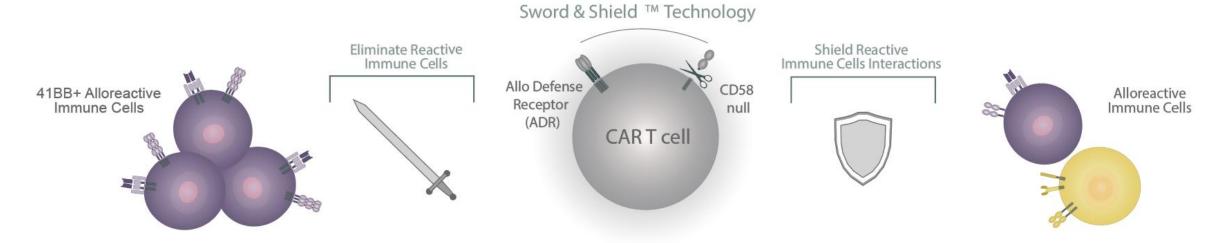
Engineered Attribute System(s):

- ✓ Single and/or multi-CAR systems targeting CD19, BCMA & CD38
- ✓ <u>High affinity non cleavable CD16 (hnCD16) & CD3 Fusion Receptor</u>
- ✓ TGFβ signal redirect receptor (TGFβ SRR)
- ✓ Synthetic CXCR2 & endogenous trafficking receptors
- ✓ Allo-Defense Receptor (ADR) & CD58 KO Synapse Engineering
- ✓ T Cell Enhancers

Sword & Shield[™] Technology Shields from Rejection & Drives Persistence



Best-in-class allo-immune evasion system to enhance persistence & eliminate the need for lympho-conditioning



Strategy	Combination with Intense CCT	HLA-I & HLA-II Knockout	HLA-I & HLA-II Knockout + HLA-E ¹	HLA-I & HLA-II Knockout + CD47 ^{2,3}	Sword & Shield TM ADR ⁴ + CD58 Knockout ⁵
Avoid host CD8 T cells	+	+	+	+	+++
Avoid host CD4 T cells	+	+	+	+	+++
Avoid host NK cells	+	-	+/-	+/-	+++
Avoid host Treg suppression	+	-	-	-	+++
Induce proliferation	+	-	-	-	+++
Lymphodepletion	+	-	-	-	+++
Avoid toxicity associated immunosuppression	Х	✓	✓	✓	✓

^{1.} Li W et al. Front Immunol. 2022 Dec 2;13:1052717. 2. Hu, X., et al. Nat Biotechnol 42, 413–423 (2024).

Hu X, et al. Nat Commun. 2023 Apr 10;14(1).
 Mo F et al, Nat Biotechnol. 2021 Jan; 39(1):56-63.

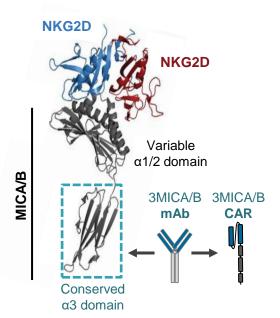
^{5.} Hamer Q et al. Cell Stem Cell. 2024 Sept 5;31(9):1376-1386.e8.

Targeting MICA/B Inhibits Tumor Resistance & Unlocks Pan-Tumor Potential



FT836: Off-the-shelf anti-MICA/B CAR T-cell product candidate

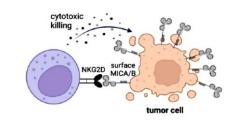
Novel recognition of MICA/B $\alpha 3$ domain unlocks pan-tumor targeting^{1,2}

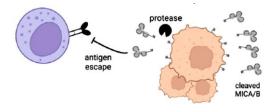


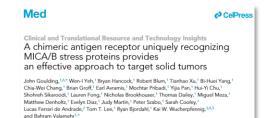
Antibody-mediated inhibition of MICA and MICB shedding promotes NK cell-driven tumor immunity

Lucas Ferrari de Andrade, ¹² Rong En Tay, ¹² Deng Pan, ¹² Adrienne M. Luoma, ¹² Yoshinaga Ito, ¹³ Soumya Badrinath, ¹⁴ Daphne Tsoucas, ³ Bettina Franz, ¹³ Kenneth F. May Jr., ² Christopher J. Harvey, ³ Sebastian Kobold, ³ Jason W. Pyrdol Charles Yoon, ¹⁴ Guo-Cheng Yuan, ² F. Stephen Hodi, ⁴ Glenn Dranoff, ⁵ Kai W. Wucherpfennigi, ²⁴

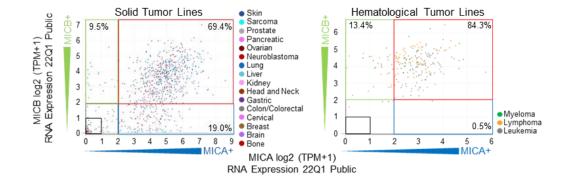
MICA/B shedding is a common immune escape mechanism in cancer^{3,4}



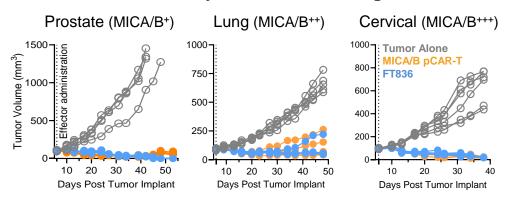




MICA/B is widely expressed across multiple cancer indications⁵



FT836 shows broad activity across diverse xenograft tumor models



- ➢ 3MICA/B CAR activity is greater than similar NKG2D CARs
- 3MICA/B CAR is resistant to soluble cleaved MICA/B, in contrast to NKG2D
- 3MICA/B CAR provides specific tumor reactivity across cancer indications

- 1. Ferrari de Andrade, L. Science. 2018 Mar 30;359(6383):1537-1542.
- 2. Goulding J et al. Cell Med. 2023 Jul 14;4(7):457-477.
- 3. Lakes, N. et al Cell Med. 2023 Jul 14;4(7):398-400 4. Goulding J et al. J Cancer Biol. 2023;4(2):49-53.
- 5. Dhar P et al. Curr Opin Immunol. 2018 Apr;51:55-61

CD19/CD38 Co-Targeting Delivers Potent, Multi-Compartment Immune Ablation



FT839: Off-the-shelf anti-CD19/CD38 dual CAR T-Cell product candidate

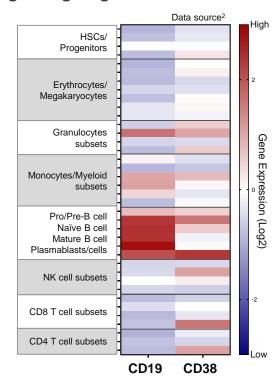
B cell lineage and activated immune cell state antigen targeting

Target Biology:

- ➤ CD19 is a co-receptor that amplifies B-cell receptor (BCR) signaling. It plays a critical role in B cell development, activation, and survival by regulating BCR signaling.
- ➤ CD38 is an ectoenzyme with NADase activity. It is involved in cell adhesion, signal transduction, and calcium mobilization. It also regulates metabolism and is upregulated during cell activation and differentiation.

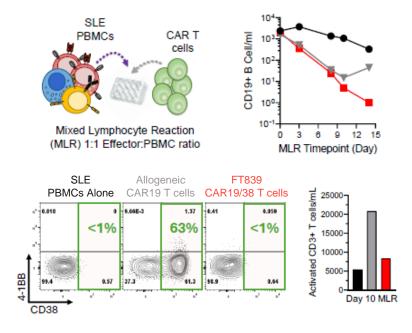
Target Clinical Validation:

- ➤ CD19 is a common target in B cell malignancies and autoimmune diseases for CD19 directed CAR T-cell therapies.
- ➤ CD38, the target of daratumumab in multiple myeloma, is increasingly implicated in autoimmunity as a marker of pathogenic plasma cells and dysregulated T cells¹.

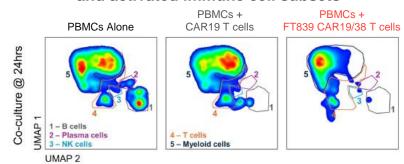


- ➤ Individual and combined specific CD19 and CD38 CAR activity provides broad and potent B and activated immune cell subset targeting capability.
- ➤ Sword & ShieldTM technology, combined with CD38 CAR, enables selective elimination of activated immune cell states T cell and myeloid for enhanced immune reset precision

FT839 eliminates B cells & allo-reactive immune cells³



FT839 simultaneously eliminates B cells, plasma cells and activated immune cell subsets³



^{1.} Yan-Ruide Li, et al. Trends in Pharmacological Sciences. Volume 45, Issue 9,2024.

^{2.} Novershtern. Noa et al. Cell. Volume 144. Issue 2, 296 – 309, 2011.

^{3.} J. Goulding, Annals of the Rheumatic Diseases, Volume 84, Supplement 1, 2025.

Upcoming Milestones for NxG CAR T Cell Candidates



Phase 1 clinical evaluation ready in 2025

FT836 Product Candidate

Attribute Systems:

- Targeting -
 - 3MICA/B CAR
 - hnCD16 (mAb combination)
 - ADR
- Sword & ShieldTM Technology
- Enhanced Biodistribution
- Enhanced Persistence

- Anticipated IND clearance Q3 2025
- Planning for Phase 1 Trials:
 - Multiple solid tumor indications
 - Monotherapy & mAb combination
 - No lympho-conditioning
- Targeting FPI by YE 2025

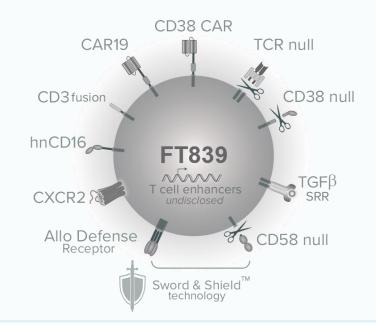
MICA/B CAR TCR null hnCD16 FT836 T cell enhancers undisclosed TGFβSRR Allo Defense Receptor Sword & Shield™ technology

FT839 Product Candidate

Attribute Systems:

- Targeting -
 - CD19 & CD38 CAR
 - hnCD16 & CD3FR
 - ADR
- Sword & ShieldTM Technology
- Enhanced Biodistribution
- Enhanced Persistence

- Anticipated IND filing by YE 2025
- Planning for Phase 1 Trials:
 - Multiple autoimmune indication
 - Hematological malignancies
 - Monotherapy & mAb combination
 - No lympho-conditioning
- Targeting FPI Q1 2026



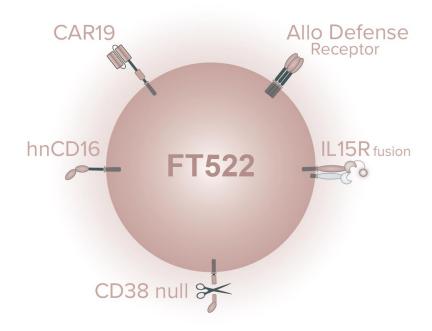






FT522: Off-the-shelf anti-CD19 CAR NK cell product candidate

True Off-the-Shelf Next Gen CAR NK cell Drug Product



Multi antigen targeting via CD19 CAR and hnCD16, with ADR technology designed to reduce/eliminate need for conditioning chemotherapy

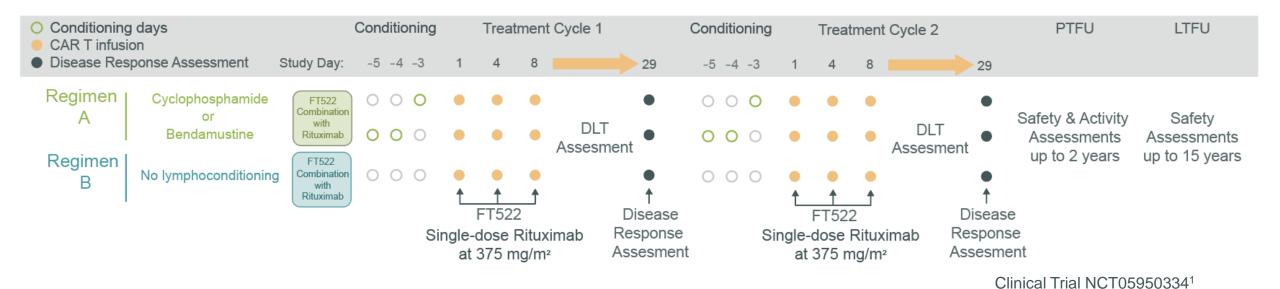
ADR armed NK Cells Uniquely Able to Proliferate and Persist

- 1XX CAR19: Novel CAR with CD28 costimulatory and modified CD3z signaling domains for optimal safety and activity
- ADR: 4-1BB CAR targeting allo-reactive T-cells
- IL15R Fusion: Cell potentiation without cytokine support
- CD38 Null: Potential to enhance metabolic cell fitness and allow combination with CD38 targeting mAbs
- hnCD16: Enables ADCC when combined with therapeutic monoclonal antibodies to complement CAR to overcome tumor heterogeneity through multi-antigen targeting

FT522-101 Program for B-cell Lymphoma



Phase 1 Clinical Trial Design



Proof-of-concept for Therapeutic Approach

- FT522 demonstrated activity and tolerability in B cell lymphoma
- Pharmacokinetics suggest improved long term FT522 persistence without chemo-conditioning, with no observed host mediated alloreactivity
- FT522 mediated B cell depletion and reduction in disease associated antibodies
- Demonstrated proof-of-concept paves the way to expand program into auto-immune diseases

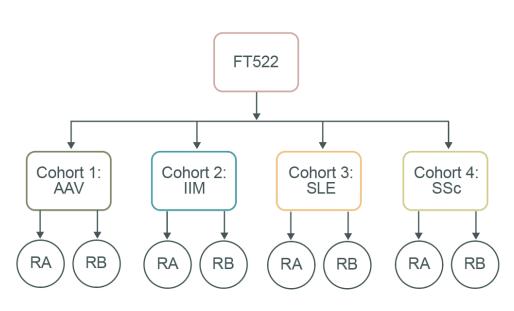
 https://clinicaltrials.gov/study/NCT05950334 (ClinicalTrials.gov). - 33 -

FT522 Phase 1 Basket Study in Autoimmunity



IND cleared: Clinical development strategic planning ongoing

No Conditioning; Multiple Indications; Induction and Maintenance Regimens



All cohorts and regimens cleared to open in parallel and escalate independently

Basket Trial Design

AAV = Antineutrophilic cytoplasmic antibody-associated vasculitis

IIM = Idiopathic inflammatory myositis

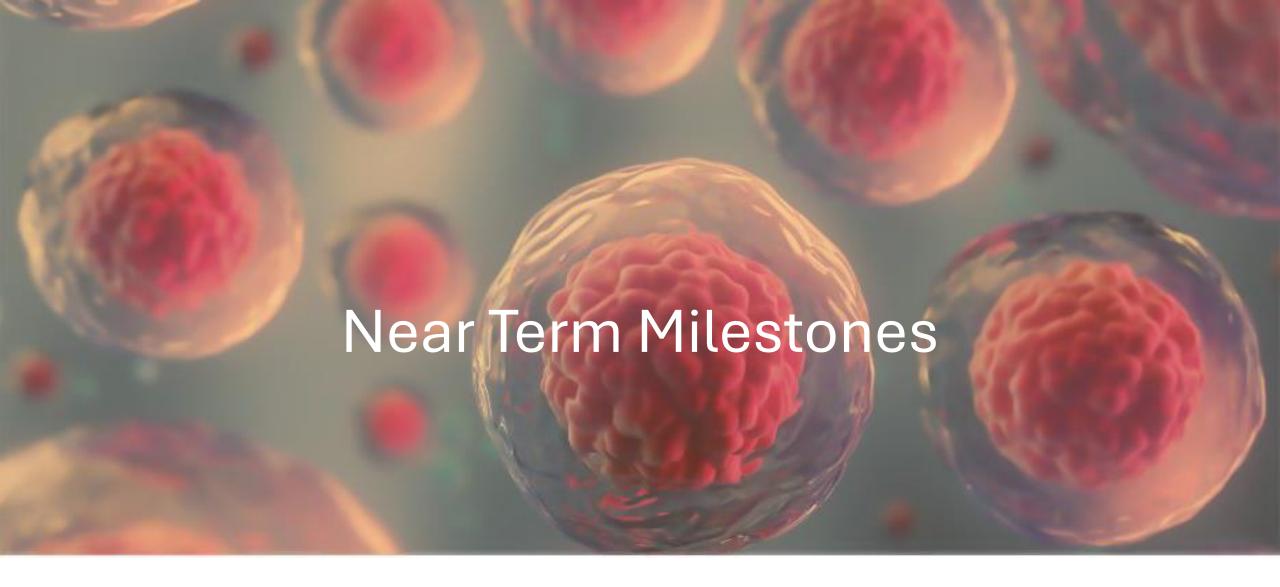
SLE = Systemic lupus erythematosus

SSc = Systemic sclerosis

Regimen A (RA): treatment of participants with FT522 as add-on to Rituximab induction regimen

Regimen B (RB): treatment of participants, who are currently on background maintenance therapy and have been at a stable dose for at least 3 months, with FT522 and Rituximab

 Depending on participant population, background maintenance therapies include MMF, AZA, LEF, MTX, and avacopan





2025 Corporate Highlights



Competitively positioned to accelerate next stage of the company

Near Term (within 6-9 months) Anticipated Milestones:

- Removal of hospitalization requirement for FT819
- Alignment with FDA on FT819 pivotal trial design in SLE
- FT819 study site expansion, including into Europe
- Enrollment of auto-immune basket indications in FT819 Phase 1
- FT825 continuing dose escalation in Reg A and Reg B across multiple solid tumors
- Cleared IND's and enrollment of first patients in FT836 (solid tumors) and FT839 (auto-immune and hematological malignancies

Cash & Cash Equivalents ~\$273M (as of March 31, 2025) with Projected Operating Runway through 1H2027



Making Cell Therapies Accessible to All[™]